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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/936,415	02/01/2002	Ahmet Mursit Eskicioglu	RCA 89462	3679	
7590 09/07/2006			EXAM	EXAMINER	
Joseph S Tripoli			CHAI, LONGBIT		
Thomson Multi	imedia Licensing Inc				
PO Box 5312			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Princeton, NJ 08543-5312			2131		

DATE MAILED: 09/07/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/936,415	ESKICIOGLU ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Longbit Chai	2131			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 A	<u>ugust 2006</u> .				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10,14 and 17-20</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	• •				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10,14 and 17-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	•			
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>2/1/2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receiv	ea.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  5) Notice of Informat Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	. work appropriet (1 10-102)			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)  Office Ad	ction Summary P	art of Paper No./Mail Date 20060903			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is in response to the Appeal Brief filed on August 22, 2006. Original application contained claims 1 – 20. Claims 9, 11 – 13 and 15 – 16 are cancelled.

Presently, pending claims are 1 – 8, 10, 14 and 17 – 20.

### Response to Arguments

2. In view of the Appeal Brief filed on August 22, 2006, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new ground of rejection is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
- (2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

  If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 17 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsuria (U.S. Patent 6,178,242), in view of En-Seung et al. (U.S. Patent 6,892,306).

As per claim 1, Tsuria teaches a method for managing access, within a network comprising a first device interconnected to a second device, the method comprising:

- (a) receiving said scrambled program in said first device, said scrambled program comprising a scrambled data component and a descrambling key (Tsuria: Column 3 Line 1 8 and Figure 1: the first device is interpreted as the IRD (Integrated Receiver Decoder) on Figure 1 / Element 110 and the second device is interpreted as the playback device (or VCR) on Figure 1 / Element 130 capable to record and present data for display on the monitor);
- (b) rebundling, in said first device, said descrambling key using a unique key associated with said first device (Tsuria: Column 3 Line 1 8 and Column 8 Line 53 55: i.e. TECM key (Transformed ECM key), as taught by Tsuria, which could be

generated based upon a combination of apparatus / device IRD and user-oriented smart card information).

Tsuria teaches receiving, in said second device, said scrambled data component (Tsuria: Column 9 Line 30 – 36). However, Tsuria does not explicitly disclose receiving, in said second device, said rebundled descrambling key.

### En-Seung teaches:

(c) receiving, in said second device, said scrambled data component and said rebundled descrambling key (En-Seung: Column 3 Line 9 – 13, Column 6 Line 37 – 40 and Abstract / Line 10 – 18: Examiner notes a "rebundled descrambling key" is considered as an "encrypted content key" and the content key is considered as a temporary validation key that encrypts the digital content and this content key is further encrypted by the user key associated with a PC computer for replaying the digital content).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of En-Seung within the system of Tsuria because (a) Tsuria teaches protection mechanisms for producing, recording and replaying scrambled digital data stream (Tsuria: Column 1 Line 60 – 63) and (b) En-Seung teaches providing an improved and more efficient cryptographic process for the generation and use of keys in the transmission and replay of digital content; especially, in an apparatus with terminal unit capable to directly descrambled the protected digital content, wherein the terminal unit is constructed with a personal computer PC equipped with a peripheral accessory to the computer, such as compact disk drive or DVD for

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replaying the digital information and thereby, allows the clients to view the digital content at their convenience (En-Seung : Column 2 Line 6-8, Column 1 Line 19-20 and Column 6 Line 8-13).

- (d) obtaining in said second device said descrambling key from said rebundled descrambling key (En-Seung : Abstract / Line 10 14 and Column 8 Line 23 29 & comment on (c)); and
- (e) descrambling, in said second device, said scrambled data component using said descrambling key (En-Seung : Abstract / Line 10 14 and Column 8 Line 23 29 & comment on (c)).

As per claim 2, Tsuria teaches (a) decrypting said encrypted descrambling key using a key associated with said scrambled program; and (b) re-encrypting said descrambling key using said unique key associated with said first device to produce said rebundled descrambling key (Tsuria: Column 10 Line 36 – 40).

As per claim 3, Tsuria teaches said unique key associated with said first device is a public key, said public key being located in said first device and a corresponding private key being located in said second device (Tsuria: Column 3 Line 1 – 8, Column 8 Line 53 – 55 and Column 7 Line 5: See commonly assigned <br/>both are from NDS Limited> and fully incorporated into Tsuria by reference the U.S. Patent <a href="5.481,609">5,481,609</a>, to Cohen et al., Column 1 Line 62 – 67).

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As per claim 4, Tsuria teaches the step of rebundling is performed within a first smart card coupled to said first device (Tsuria: Column 7 Line 1 – 9 and Column 6 Line 66 – Column 7 Line 1) and the steps of obtaining and descrambling are performed within a second smart card coupled to said second device (Tsuria: Column 7 Line 5: See commonly assigned <both are from NDS Limited> and fully incorporated into Tsuria by reference the U.S. Patent 5,481,609, to Cohen et al., Figure 3 Element 30 / 32 and Column 178 Line 21 – 23).

As per claim 5, Tsuria teaches initializing said first device within said network (Tsuria: Column 8 Line 29 – 43 & Figure 1: the first device is IRD (Integrated Recording Decoder) which directly interfaces with the SDDS broadcasting system to discourage unauthorized duplication and subsequent play-back / recording).

As per claim 7, Tsuria as modified teaches a re-encryption key is pre-stored in a smart card coupled to said first device or in said first device (Tsuria: Column 8 Line 30 – 31). Tsuria further teaches a re-encryption key is a public key (Tsuria: Column 3 Line 1 – 8, Column 8 Line 53 – 55 and Column 7 Line 5: See commonly assigned <br/>
NDS Limited> and fully incorporated into Tsuria by reference the U.S. Patent <u>5,481,609</u>, to Cohen et al., Column 1 Line 62 – 67).

Accordingly, Tsuria as modified teaches:

a public key is pre-stored in a smart card coupled to said first device or in said first device.

As per claim 8, Tsuria teaches said descrambling key is one of encrypted using a private means if said scrambled program is received from prerecorded media or protected by a private means if said scrambled program is received from a service provider (Tsuria: Column 7 Line 50 – 57).

As per claim 10, Tsuria teaches a method for managing access to a scrambled program received from a service provider within a network having an access device and a presentation device, said method comprising:

- (a) receiving said scrambled program in an access device, said scrambled program comprising a scrambled data component and an encrypted descrambling key (Tsuria: Column 3 Line 1 8 and Figure 1: the first device is interpreted as the IRD (Integrated Receiver Decoder) on Figure 1 / Element 110 and the second device is interpreted as the playback device (or VCR) on Figure 1 / Element 130 capable to record and present data for display on the monitor);
- (b) decrypting, in said access device, said encrypted descrambling key using a key associated with said service provider (Tsuria: Column 3 Line 1 − 8 and Column 3 Line 11 − 16);
- (c) re-encrypting said descrambling key, in said access device, using a public key associated with said access device (Tsuria: Column 3 Line 1 8, Column 8 Line 53 55 and Column 7 Line 5: See commonly assigned <br/>both are from NDS Limited> and fully incorporated into Tsuria by reference the U.S. Patent <u>5,481,609</u>, to Cohen et al., Column 1 Line 62 67).

Tsuria teaches receiving, in said presentation device, said scrambled data-component (Tsuria: Column 9 Line 30 – 36 and Column 10 Line 21 – 40). However, Tsuria does not explicitly disclose receiving, in said second device, said rebundled descrambling key.

En-Seung teaches:

(d) receiving, in said presentation device, said scrambled data-component and said re-encrypted descrambling key (En-Seung: Column 3 Line 9 – 13, Column 6 Line 37 – 40 and Abstract / Line 10 – 18: Examiner notes a "rebundled descrambling key" is considered as an "encrypted content key" and the content key is considered as a temporary validation key that encrypts the digital content and the content key is further encrypted by the user key associated with a PC computer for replaying the digital content).

See same rationale of combination applied herein as above in rejecting the claim

1.

- (e) decrypting, in said presentation device, said re-encrypted descrambling key to obtain said descrambling key (En-Seung : Abstract / Line 10 14 and Column 8 Line 23 29 & comment on (d)); and
- (f) descrambling, in said presentation device, said scrambled data component
   using said descrambling key (En-Seung : Abstract / Line 10 14 and Column 8 Line 23 29 & comment on (c));

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As per claim 14, Tsuria further teaches the first device is an access device and wherein the second device is a presentation device (Tsuria: Figure 1, Column 3 Line 1 – 8 and En-Seung: Column 3 Line 9 – 13, Column 6 Line 37 – 40 and Abstract / Line 10 – 18).

As per claim 17, the claim limitation(s) encompasses the same scope as described in claim 1 and claim 3 (Examiner notes the access device is considered as the first device and the presentation device is considered as the second device). See same rationale addressed above in rejecting claim 1 and claim 3.

As per claim 20, Tsuria as modified teaches the signal output transmits identification data associated with the access device and copy control information along with the re-encrypted descrambling key (Tsuria: Column 1 Line 60 – 67 and Column 2 Line 63 – Column 3 Line 5).

2. Claims 6 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsuria (U.S. Patent 6,178,242), in view of En-Seung et al. (U.S. Patent 6,892,306), and in view of Wasilewski et al. (U.S. Patent 5,870,474).

As per claim 6, Tsuria as modified does not disclose expressly initializing comprises the step of receiving a public key from a conditional access provider.

6.

Wasilewski teaches initializing comprises the step of receiving a public key from a conditional access provider (Wasilewski: Column 3 Line 53 – 67 and Column 7 Line 38 – 43).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Wasilewski within the system of Tsuria as modified because (a) Tsuria teaches protection mechanisms for producing, recording and replaying scrambled digital data stream (Tsuria: Column 1 Line 60 – 63) and (b) Wasilewski teaches a control system for providing secure transmission of recording digital data stream (such as "movie on demand") between a service provider and a customer's set top box over a digital network (Wasilewski: Column 1 Line 15 – 25).

Accordingly, Tsuria as modified teaches:

the step of initializing comprises the step of receiving said public key from a conditional access provider (Wasilewski: Column 3 Line 53 – 67 and Column 7 Line 38 – 43), said step of receiving comprising authentication of said conditional access provider (Wasilewski: Column 11 Line 4 – 5; Tsuria: Column 8 Line 30 – 31).

As per claim 18, Tsuria as modified does not teach the public key is periodically received from a conditional access provider.

Wasilewski teaches the public key is periodically received from a conditional access provider (Wasilewski: Column 7 Line 38 – 40 and Column 10 Line 4 – 12).

See same rationale of combination applied herein as above in rejecting the claim

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3. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsuria (U.S. Patent 6,178,242), in view of En-Seung et al. (U.S. Patent 6,892,306), and in view of Smyers et al. (U.S. Patent 5,948,136).

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As per claim 19, Tsuria as modified does not teach the signal output authenticates the presentation device before transmitting the scrambled data component and the re-encrypted descrambling key to the presentation device.

Smyers the signal output authenticates the presentation device before transmitting the scrambled data component and the re-encrypted descrambling key to the presentation device (Smyers: Column 4 Line 38 – 42).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Smyers within the system of Tsuria as modified because (a) Tsuria teaches protection mechanisms for producing, recording and replaying scrambled digital data stream (Tsuria: Column 1 Line 60 – 63) and (b) Smyers teaches providing hardware authentication mechanism to enhance communication securities between two devices.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Longbit Chai whose telephone number is 571-272-3788. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00am-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz R. Sheikh can be reached on 571-272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Longbit Chai Examiner Art Unit 2131

LBC

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